

Please complete this form taking into account the **prompts provided at the bottom of this tab**. Please note these are suggested questions and you don't need to answer all of them. To add in the score for each impact and probability you will need to use the matrix at the bottom of the form. The overall score will be automatically calculated. Please then refer to the Decision Matrix for onwards referral and authorisation for both the QIA and EIA overall score.

Impact	Probability					
	1 Rare	2 Unlikely	3 Possible	4 Likely	5 Almost Certain	6 Certain
5 = Catastrophic	5	10	15	20	25	30
4 = Major	4	8	12	16	20	24
3 = Moderate	3	6	9	12	15	18
2 = Minor	2	4	6	8	10	12
1 = Negligible	1	2	3	4	5	6

Definition of Quality
 "A single definition of quality for the NHS was first set out in *High Quality Care for All* in 2008, following the NHS Next Stage Review led by Lord Darzi, and has since been embraced by staff throughout the NHS and by the Coalition Government.
 This definition sets out three dimensions to quality, all three of which must be present in order to provide a high quality service:
Patient Safety – quality care is care which is delivered so as to avoid all avoidable harm and risks to the patient's safety.

Clinical Effectiveness – quality care is care which is delivered according to the best evidence as to what is clinically effective in improving an individual's health outcomes

Patient Experience – quality care is care which looks to give the individual as positive an experience of receiving and recovering from the care as possible, including being treated according to what that individual wants or needs, and with compassion, dignity and respect.*

[illegible]